

## METHOD FOR PRODUCTION OF SANDWICH PANELS WITH ZIGZAG CORRUGATED CORE

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### Technical Field

The invention can be defined in its most general form as a method for production of sandwich panels with zigzag corrugated core from sheet material used in aircraft construction, shipbuilding, and other branches of industry.

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### Background Art

The method for production of sandwich panels with zigzag corrugated core including separate shaping of core layer and outer skins while core is produced by means of sheet blank bending along the zigzag lines of protrusions and recesses with the use of the marking-out, is taken as a prototype (SU Inventors' certificate No. 1,830,326 A1 Method for curvilinear sandwich panel with zigzag corrugated core production, Int. Cl. B 23 K 20/00, Bulletin no. 28 of 30.07.93).

The short-coming of herein-presented method is in raise of material due to the stretching out effect in nodal zones. This effect occurs when shaping corrugated core in its nodal zones where at least four ridges of folded structure converge and a simultaneous bending in two planes takes place. It results in panel strength deterioration due to the point contact between the core and the skins since they interconnect only in nodal zones rather than along the lines of protrusions and recesses. In addition, the conditions of blank material deformation are least favorable due to necessity of applying considerable efforts when shaping; it results in concentration of stresses at this very zones and adversely affects the core-skin connection strength.

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ЗАЩИЩЕНО ПЕРВООБРАЗНОСТЬЮ

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The invention has for its object to improve the conditions of core shaping owing to elimination of bending zones in two planes and to increase the core-skin connection strength.

The herein-presented technical result is attained by that in the known method for production of sandwich panel with zigzag corrugated core including separate shaping of the outer skins and the core and their further connection while the prescribed crimp profile is obtained by sheet blank bending along the marked-out on the development zigzag lines, – according to the technical solution: in the sheet blank of zigzag corrugated core development at the points of bending lines intersections the holes are punched with the diameter equal to  $d_h \geq R_b$ , where  $R_b$  is the maximum sheet blank bending radius.

20           The results of retrieval for the known solutions in the given area with the aim to reveal the features identical with distinctions of the claimed technical solution show that its features do not result from the state of the art. From the defined state of the art the applicant managed to reveal no influence of the specified essential features upon the attainment of the stated technical result. The  
25       claimed technology, therefore, satisfies the “inventive step” condition of patentability.

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## ДОЖДЕЖНЫЙ ВЕСТ

### Brief Description of Drawings

The figures 1-4 present the essence of the invention:

Fig. 1 is a general view of panel with zigzag core (the upper skin is not shown);  
Fig. 2 shows a flat blank of core with the holes at the points of crimp zigzag line  
5 protrusions and recesses; Fig. 3 is a sectional view A-A of Fig. 1; Fig. 4 is a  
scaled up view I of Fig. 1 sectional view A-A.

The figures 1-4 present the following positions:

1 is the lower and the upper (not shown) skins; 2 is the corrugated core; 3 are the  
zigzag lines of crimp protrusions; 4 are the zigzag lines of crimp recesses; 5 are  
10 the saw-tooth lines; 6 is the core sheet blank; 7 are the holes at locations of zigzag  
and saw-tooth lines; 8 is the composite material with adhesive properties.

### Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

The claimed method can be realized in the following way:

- 15 1) the outer and the inner skins 1 of the panel are produced;
- 2) the bending lines 3, 4, and 5 are marked-out on sheet blank 6 having the  
dimensions of the core 2 in its plane state; the parameters and relative position  
of bending lines 3, 4, and 5 are related by ready-made core 2 design  
parameters:
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$$L_d = f(H, L); \quad V_d = f(V, L_d); \quad S_d = f(V, S, H, L),$$
 wherein  
 $H$  is the height of zigzag crimp,  $V$  is the amplitude of zigzag lines,  $2S$  is the  
step between zigzag lines,  $2L$  is the step between saw-tooth lines of the core,  
 $2S_d$  is the step between zigzag lines,  $L_d$  is the distance between zigzag lines,  $V_d$   
is the amplitude of zigzag lines on the core development;
- 25 3) the holes 7 are punched in the blank at the points of intersections of saw-tooth  
5 and zigzag 3 and 4 lines; the diameter of the holes 7 is equal to  $d_h \geq R_b$ ,  
where  $R_b$  is the sheet blank bending radius at the points of intersections of  
saw-tooth 5 and zigzag 3 and 4 lines in the ready-made core 2;
- 4) the sheet blank 6 is shaped until the 3-D relief core structure 2 is formed;

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5) the obtained folded structure 2 is connected with the outer and inner skins 1, e.g. with the use of composite material 8 with adhesive properties.

### Industrial Applicability

5 The claimed method for production of sandwich panels with zigzag corrugated core can be used in industrial production of aircraft sandwich panels. Created on the basis of the claimed method equipment will allow to improve the zigzag corrugated core production quality and increase the sandwich panel strength.

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